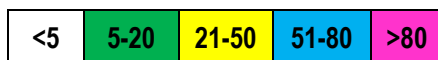






										Foliar application of nutrients (19:19:19, KNO <sub>3</sub> ) at squaring, flowering and boll development stages to be given. Application of NSKE may be done in view of its ovicidal action against pink bollworm.
<b>KARNATAKA</b>										
Dharwad		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	At Raichur, early sown crop (170-180 days) enters boll development stage. Late sown crop (130-135 days) is in flowering stage and boll initiation stage. Very late sown crop is 95-105 days old. No rainfall received during the reporting week. Intercultural operations and fourth top dressing with Nitrogen and Potassium were carried out for the late sown crop. Two pickings were done for the early sown crop. One picking was done for the late sown crop. In the tail end command areas also, the irrigated crop is suffering from moisture stress due to non-release of canal water. Mealybugs were noticed in some areas. Buprofezin @ 2 ml per liter water was recommended to control mealybugs. Myrid bugs were also noticed in some areas where Fipronil 1ml per liter was recommended. Profenophos 1.5 ml per liter was recommended against pink boll worm for 90-95 days old crop. Thiomethaxam 0.25 g per liter of water were recommended for 105-110 days old crop against sucking pests. No incidence of diseases. Picking has been started in the early sown crop. Even in late sown crop which enters into 130 days, the farmers have initiated first picking of cotton. More than 50% of the cotton area is under cotton pickings.. <b>Advisory:</b> After last picking, it is suggested to roto slash the cotton stalks instead of continuing the crop by giving irrigation and fertilizers.
Haveri		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Mysore		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	40.0	
<b>TAMIL NADU</b>										
Perambalur		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	At Srivilliputhur, the crop is 55 to 100 DAS at boll formation to boll development stage. Weeding and top dressing of fertilizers in many parts of area taken up. <i>Echinochloa</i> spp, <i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i> , <i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i> , <i>Cyperus</i> spp, <i>Cynadon dactylon</i> were the major weeds that infested the crop. Sucking pests (Jassid, aphids and whitefly ) and bollworms were observed in some areas. Root rot incidence was noticed in some areas. At Coimbatore, the crop is 89 days old at square formation and boll development stage. Irrigation is recommended for square retention and maturity based on the soil moisture condition. <b>Advisory:</b> Application of Chlorantraniliprole 125 ml / ha recommended for the control of bollworms. Acetamaprid @ 100ml / ha is suggested to farmers for the management of sucking pests. Root rot may be managed by the application of Carbendazim @ 0.2%.
Salem		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	
Trichy		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	17.0	
Virudhunagar		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	34.0	45.0	

Rainfall (mm) legend



0.0 mm rainfall ( no rainfall ) . Blank space express data Not available. Source : <http://imdagrmet.gov.in>